

## **Bentley PLAXIS 2D Essentials**

### **1. Course Objective:**

The objective is to develop a reliable foundation in PLAXIS 3D for creating, calculating, checking, and documenting common three-dimensional geotechnical models. The course emphasises efficient geometry creation, correct modelling assumptions, core soil and structural inputs, staged construction, everyday deformation and safety analysis, and clear interpretation of results.

### **2. Target Audience:**

This course is intended for graduate engineers, geotechnical and civil engineers, foundation and excavation designers, engineering geologists, researchers, and CAD/CAE users who are beginning to use PLAXIS 3D.

### **Prerequisites**

Participants should have:

- Basic knowledge of soil mechanics and foundation engineering.
- A general understanding of geotechnical investigation data and engineering drawings.
- Familiarity with stress, strain, settlement, bearing capacity, and factor of safety concepts.
- No previous PLAXIS or finite element software experience is required.

### **3. Course Outcomes:**

After completing this course, participants will be able to:

- Set up PLAXIS 3D projects with suitable dimensions, boundaries, units, and modelling assumptions.
- Create three-dimensional stratigraphy and assign appropriate basic soil properties and material models.
- Build geometry and model structures, interfaces, loads, and prescribed displacements.
- Generate and refine 3D meshes and establish initial stresses and water conditions.
- Create realistic construction phases and perform Plastic and Safety calculations.
- Analyse basic shallow foundations, piles, pile groups, excavations, slopes, and embankments.
- Interpret soil and structural results and perform essential model-quality checks.
- Prepare clear plots, curves, exported data, and an engineering calculation summary.

#### 4. Course Outline

The course comprises **40 hours** of instructor-led explanation, live demonstrations, and guided hands-on exercises divided into **ten modules**. It focuses on the core PLAXIS 3D workflow and everyday deformation and safety analysis suitable for beginner users. Each application module includes practical modelling, calculation, result checking, and engineering interpretation.

#### **Table of Contents: (40hrs)**

##### **Module 1: Introduction to PLAXIS 3D and Geotechnical FEA**

- Applications, benefits, and limitations of three-dimensional geotechnical analysis.
- Understanding the PLAXIS 3D modelling and calculation workflow.
- Navigating Soil, Structures, Mesh, Staged Construction, and Output modes.
- Creating projects; defining units, model dimensions, axes, and file organisation.
- Hands-on Exercise: Create and review a basic 3D project.

##### **Module 2: Subsurface Geometry and Ground Conditions**

- Creating boreholes, soil contours, layers, and three-dimensional stratigraphy.
- Defining groundwater levels and reviewing the ground model in 3D.
- Creating and editing soil volumes and checking geological continuity.
- Selecting model extents and recognising boundary influence.

Hands-on Exercise: Build a layered 3D subsurface model from simplified borehole data.

##### **Module 3: Soil Properties and Basic Material Models**

- Creating soil datasets and understanding strength, stiffness, unit weight, and permeability inputs.
- Understanding drained, undrained, and non-porous behaviour.
- Using the Linear Elastic and Mohr-Coulomb models for introductory analysis.
- Introduction to Hardening Soil behaviour and when a more advanced model may be required.
- Parameter checks, unit consistency, realistic ranges, and common input errors.

Hands-on Exercise: Define, compare, and assign soil materials to 3D soil volumes.

#### **Module 4: 3D Geometry, Structural Elements, Interfaces, and Loads**

- Creating points, lines, surfaces, volumes, plates, beams, embedded beams, anchors, and geogrids.
- Using extrusion, intersection, array, and basic geometry-editing tools.
- Defining structural properties and selecting suitable element idealisations.
- Using interfaces to represent soil-structure slip and separation.
- Applying point, line, surface loads, and prescribed displacements.

Hands-on Exercise: Model a loaded foundation or retaining structure with interfaces.

#### **Module 5: Mesh, Initial Stresses, and Calculation Phases**

- Generating a 3D finite element mesh and applying local refinement.
- Establishing initial stresses using K0 or gravity loading.
- Defining basic water conditions and initial pore pressures.
- Creating phases and activating or deactivating soil, structures, and loads.
- Using Plastic and Safety calculations and recognising calculation warnings.

Hands-on Exercise: Mesh a model and create a staged-construction sequence.

#### **Module 6: Shallow Foundation and Raft Analysis**

- Modelling isolated footings, combined footings, and raft foundations.
- Applying vertical, horizontal, moment, and combined loading.
- Reviewing settlement, contact pressure, stress distribution, and plastic points.
- Understanding symmetry and efficient model-size reduction.

Hands-on Exercise: Analyse settlement and load response of a shallow foundation.

#### **Module 7: Piles and Pile Groups**

- Understanding volume piles and embedded beam representations.
- Modelling a single pile and a basic pile group.
- Reviewing axial force, skin resistance, base resistance, settlement, and group interaction.
- Creating load-settlement curves and comparing pile modelling choices.

Hands-on Exercise: Calculate the load-settlement response of a single pile.

## **Module 8: Excavations and Retaining Systems**

- Creating open and supported excavations using staged construction.
- Modelling walls, struts, anchors, slabs, interfaces, and surcharge loads.
- Reviewing wall deformation, bending moments, support forces, and ground settlement.
- Comparing construction sequences and identifying critical phases.

Hands-on Exercise: Analyse a simplified 3D braced excavation.

## **Module 9: Slopes, Embankments, and Safety Analysis**

- Modelling slopes, embankments, staged fills, and basic reinforcement zones.
- Understanding strength reduction and interpreting the calculated safety factor.
- Reviewing deformation patterns and potential failure mechanisms.
- Checking boundaries, mesh sensitivity, and construction-stage influence.
- Hands-on Exercise: Evaluate deformation and safety for a slope or embankment.

## **Module 10: Output Interpretation, Reporting, and Final Project**

- Navigating Output and using phases, cross-sections, slices, and result selections.
- Reviewing displacement, stress, strain, pore pressure, plastic points, and structural forces.
- Creating curves and exporting tables, plots, images, and animations.
- Checking convergence, equilibrium, mesh dependency, boundary effects, and unrealistic results.

Integrated Final Project: Build, calculate, validate, and document a complete PLAXIS 3D model.